

ROBBER LOCKED IN RESIDENCE

**Mrs. Frank Gates Had Presentiment
of Would be Burglar's Presence
When Hiding Purse.**

FAILED TO LOCATE MONEY

**Large Sum in Paper Was in Lining
of Pocketbook But he
Didn't See it.**

When Mrs. Frank Gates, 341 North Harrison street, hid her pocketbook in a basket of clothes last night before leaving the house for the evening, she had a presentiment that someone was watching her and a feeling that someone besides herself was in the room. This proved true for when she and Mr. Gates returned home later in the evening they found that the house had been searched and was in disorder.

The supposition is that the burglar gained entrance to the Gates home by the side door while Mr. and Mrs. Gates were on the front veranda and was locked in the house while they were away. Before leaving Mrs. Gates went to the dining room and took some change from her pocketbook and placed it in a basket of clothes. A large sum of money in paper bills was left in the pocketbook, being placed between the lining and the cover. The burglar found the pocketbook but over looked the bills.

When Mr. and Mrs. Gates left the house all the doors were locked and when George Schrader, a roomer at the Gates home, entered he found all the doors locked and it is believed that the robber must have gained entrance while Mr. and Mrs. Gates were on the front porch. Schrader went to his room but noticed nothing out of order. He returned to the down stairs part of the house to admit Jean Gates, son of Mr. and Mrs. Gates, and shortly after this heard a noise but thought it was the boy and gave it no attention.

When Mr. Gates returned home they found the side door unlocked and practically every room in the house had been gone through. Clothing was scattered over the floors and the robber made a thorough search for money. He overlooked the jewelry in Mrs. Gates' room and from this it is thought he was only after money. Nothing was found missing and the paper money in the pocketbook was found intact. The police were called but found no trace of the burglar. No tracts were found in the side yard and this further goes to show that the man was in the house when Mr. and Mrs. Gates left.

HORSE RUNS INTO FENCE

**Young Couple Narrowly Escape In-
jury Near Mays.**

While driving near Mays Sunday Miss Louise Rainey of this city and Marion O'Dell of near Mays narrowly escaped serious injury when their horse ran away. Mr. O'Dell managed to keep the horse running straight ahead for a half mile or so, but he finally lost control of the animal and it dashed across a ditch at the side of the road and into a fence. It became entangled in the wire and was stopped. The buggy was not upset and the couple escaped without a scratch.

The W. R. C. will meet tomorrow afternoon in the post room at the court house. A large attendance of officers and members is desired.

NO REFLECTION IS MEANT

**Statement Creeps Into Article
Through a Mistake.**

W. A. Alexander was quoted last Saturday as saying that the three Rush county farmers who had been victims of the alleged blackmailing clique in this county were directly interested in the Rush county fair. He did not make that statement and it crept into the article through a mistake. The directors of the fair felt that this cast some reflection on them since they were the ones directly interested and felt it was due them that the statement be corrected.

DENTISTS HERE ARE WARNED OF THIEVES

**This Peculiar Brand of Robbers Are
at Work in Many Indiana
Cities Are Successful.**

WORK DURING THE NOON HOUR

Rushville dentists and dentists in other Indiana cities, as well, have been warned as to the safety of their gold plate and other valuable property about their dental parlors. During the past few days, in the northern and western parts of the state, thieves have entered dental parlors and their mania seems to be the stealing of the gold and silver platings. Several year ago thieves of this variety worked in and around Rushville and much property was lost. All efforts to apprehend the thieves have proven futile. In Indianapolis last Saturday a dental parlor was entered and \$400 worth of the gold plate, clippings and stock was taken. Heretofore the thieves have put in their work at the noon time, and in many places they have gained entrance through the aid of skeleton keys.

ANNUAL CARNIVAL TO BE HELD IN JULY

**Date is Set For Catholic Event and
Attractions That Have Been
Favorites Are Promised.**

COMMITTEES ARE AT WORK

The annual carnival at the Catholic school park will be given by the young men of the church this year July 22, 23, 24 and 25. Committees have been appointed and are busily at work engaged in perfecting plans and securing attractions for the coming event.

Nothing definite can be announced at present other than that all of the old favorite attractions such as the country store, bowling alley, refreshment stands, merry-go-round and other novelties will be seen. Other novelties are promised and a good show of some sort will be procured. The carnivals have been very popular in past years and have always been the scene of much merriment.

REUNION POSTPONED.

The Rush-Fayette county reunion, which was to have been held in Brookside park, in Indianapolis last Sunday, was postponed until next Sunday on account of the heavy rains at Indianapolis.

MULLIN'S DRUG STORE DAMAGED

**Former Rushville Man Suffers Loss
Shortly After Opening Place of
Business in Huntington.**

FIREWORKS ARE IGNITED

**Patrons Make Hurried Exit and Fire
is Soon Placed Under Control—
Origin a Mystery.**

Howard Mullin's drug store in Huntington was damaged by fire last Saturday night by an explosion of fireworks. How the fireworks were ignited remains a mystery. Mr. Mullin retired from the drug firm of Hargrove & Mullin here a few weeks ago and purchased a drug stock at Huntington. The Huntington Herald says of the fire:

Dr. D. Yingling, Judge S. E. Cook and Mrs. Albert G. Johnson and her small son had a harrowing experience and a portion of the Mullin drug store was wrecked Saturday night when fireworks in a display window were mysteriously ignited. The fireworks exploded, breaking the window and filling the building and office rooms above with smoke. Judge and Mrs. Johnson and her son escaped by the stairway, running risks of serious injury as they passed the blazing window but Dr. Yingling could not escape and remained in his rooms, getting fresh air from a Washington street window.

He was found at the window by Policeman Beemer and Fire Chief Gardner after the explosions had ceased. He had called to several pedestrians in an effort to have a ladder placed at the window, and had about made up his mind to drop from the ledge to the sidewalk below as he had no way of knowing but that the entire front of the building was in flames.

He and the two men who came to his rescue left the building by the stairway, and afterwards the physician felt no ill effects except from the smoke and excitement.

Judge Cook's hat was found in the office some time after the fire had been extinguished and the smoke had cleared away. The judge escaped injury although he ran great risk in passing the window in which roman candles, sky-rockets, etc., were exploding with rapidity. The child of Mrs. Johnson was struck on the hand by a ball of fire from a Roman candle, but no burn resulted.

The origin of the fire still remains a mystery. Patrons of the store tell of seeing a small boy by the window just before the fire broke out. Whether the boy dropped a match in the crackers to see the fun, or whether the blaze was caused by some other reason, Mr. Mullin has not been able to determine.

After appraising the portion of the stock damaged in the store, Mr. Mullin, proprietor of the ill-fated store, has announced that the damage will be about \$600, which is covered by insurance of \$1,500. The results of the fire are considered exceptionally fortunate, as other than the destruction of the large plate glass window, portions of the soda fountain, the stock of fireworks valued at \$25, and other stock and fixtures in the store, slight damage was done.

A clock hanging on the wall near the burned window stopped at about 9:10, indicating the time when the flames affected its mechanism. Its mute evidence is taken as the most accurate time of the fire. Late Saturday evening it was learned that the clock was about sixty years old, and highly valued by John Engle, formerly owner of the Mullin store.

Continued on Page 5

REVIEW BOARD FINISHES WORK

**Very Little Difference Between Cor-
poration Assessments of Last
Year and This**

PERIOD IS NOT LONG ENOUGH

**Increases Are Made in Few Cases of
Individuals. One Corporation
Request Refused.**

The county board of review has concluded its work for the year 1913 because the law would not allow it to be in session any longer. The board could have remained in session ten days longer, according to County Auditor Holden, and still have found something to do.

The law provides the boards in counties with less than twenty thousand inhabitants shall sit only twenty days each year. The 1910 census gave Rush county less than twenty thousand population. Previous to that the official population of the county had been more than twenty thousand and the board had remained in session thirty days.

More than half of the time the board was in session was devoted to examining the mortgage exemptions and assessors' lists. It was the last few days that the board spent its time making assessments on corporations. Very little difference between the corporation assessments of last year and this is noted.

The board increased the assessments of individuals in a few instances. The assessment of John D. Stewart was increased \$160 and that of O. E. Hume \$250. William Morgan admitted to the board he omitted \$2,000 in notes and asked that he be assessed for that amount less 25 per cent, which is according to the ruling of the state tax board. He was assessed \$1,500 additional.

The assessment of Jesse Havens was increased \$5,250 and Zachariah Davis \$600. Two hundred dollars additional was placed on Frank Capp's automobile and \$200 on additional improvements. The assessment of Johnson Brothers of Carthage, a corporation, was increased \$2,930.

J. D. Case's assessment was increased \$500. The board decided to leave the assessments of G. P. McCarty, Ira W. Ayers and Sarah M. Mowers the same as that made by the assessor, even though they complained. George F. Root of Anderson township was assessed \$620 on omitted personal property and Mary L. Sage of the same township was assessed \$1,085 for the same reason. Two hundred dollars additional was added to the assessment of Dr. H. H. Elliott of this city.

Donald Smith of this city appeared before the board as attorney for the United States Board & Paper company of Carthage and asked for a reduction in assessment. The board refused the request and left the assessment at \$29,000.

County Auditor Holden says the local offices and equipment of the express companies and the Western Union Telegraph company were never assessed until this year when he called the board's attention to the fact. The three express companies were assessed \$150 each and the Western Union \$25.

The corporations are all assessed by the board exclusive of personal property. That taken by the assessors. The banks of the county were assessed as follows:

Arlington Bank	\$10,325
Mays Bank	20,777
Milroy Bank	15,719
Carthage Bank	94,790
Glenwood State Bank	22,333

Continued on Page 5

MAKE INSPECTION TRIP

**I. & C. Officials Travel Over Local
Division in Special Today.**

The officials of the Indianapolis & Cincinnati Traction company yesterday made their regular inspection trip over this division in special car No. 309. Charles L. Henry, president of the interurban company, and other officials rode on a special seat built on the front of the car so as to have a clear view of the track ahead. The people on the car included the heads of the various departments and their families. They enjoyed a picnic dinner at the fair grounds at noon and arrived here about two o'clock on the return trip to Indianapolis.

WOULD GIVE MORE CARE TO PAPERS

**Postmaster General Exhorts Post-
masters to Handle Them With
Utmost Dispatch Possible.**

POINTS OUT VALUE OF THIS

Instructions went forth today from First Assistant Postmaster General Daniel C. Roper to all postmasters directing them to handle daily newspaper sent to subscribers through the mails with the utmost dispatch possible after disposition of first-class matter.

"Many of these publications contain market quotations and other commercial data which is frequently the basis of the subscriber's daily business operations, and the value of this information is lost if unduly delayed in transit," declared Mr. Roper to the postmasters.

He directed that upon the receipt of mail at a postoffice all sacks labeled "daily papers" should be distributed promptly and every effort to effect their first trip after the receipt of the mail in the office, provided the delivery of first class mail was not delayed.

MUCH LARGER CROWD EXPECTED

**Civic Improvement Officials Hope
Rain Will Not Interfere With
Grass Cutting at City Park.**

TO BE WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON

Although there is prospect of some rain, officials of the Civic Improvement association are hoping that bad weather will not interfere with the grass cutting party at the city park tomorrow afternoon and evening. It will be the same as the first event, which was such a success, in every respect. Women are urged to bring supper and the association will furnish coffee, sugar and cream.

The men will not be asked to do so much this time as they did before, because the association plans to arrange for a horse-drawn mower to make the first cutting. The grass is two or three feet high in some places and it was necessary at the first cutting to use a scythe. If the grass is cut by a mower the work will be lightened considerably. Indications are that the crowd this time will be many times as large as it was two weeks ago.

WORRY ABOUT NEW MOTOR LAW

**Auto Owners Have Some Difficulty
Understanding Just What They
Have to do.**

THERE ARE MANY PROVISIONS

**Blanks May be Obtained From No-
tary Publics. Rules For De-
termining Horse Power.**

Automobile owners in the city and county are busily engaged in attempting to learn just what they have to do to comply with the new automobile license law which becomes effective July 1. There has been much misunderstanding concerning the law.

It is not necessary to write to the secretary of state to get an application blank because most notary publics have a supply of them, since the blanks, when filled out, have to be worn to by a notary. Only half of the annual fee is payable at this time. The license will have to be renewed for the year 1914 before the first of next January.

In filling out the blanks owners are warned not to use the horse power that they believe their machine to be. The law provides the horse shall be determined by the A. L. A. M. rating. To determine the horse power under this plan the motorist should square the bore, multiply by the number of cylinders and divide by two and a half.

Upon the application for registration of every motor propelled vehicle, the secretary of state shall send to the owner or the one making application.

Continued on Page 5

Fellowship in Advertisements.

Merchants and manufacturers have certain articles they wish to sell. In order to sell them they advertise.

"That is their business," you say; "they are doing it to benefit themselves."

True, they are advertising primarily for their own profit. But there is more to present-day advertising than that. It has created a spirit of confidence and friendliness between the seller and the buyer that has become so much a part of our daily lives that we hardly realize it unless we stop to think.

Have you ever made a purchase in the Orient? If so, you remember how you have entered a shop and after poking through confused heaps of articles you have found something that struck your fancy. You asked the price and were told it was worth, perhaps the equivalent of a dollar. Then ensued haggling, haranguing, threats, imprecations, until finally at the end of a half an hour you triumphantly emerged from the shop, the article in your hand and 50 cents gone from your pocket. When you looked again at your purchase your good common sense told you it was worth about 10 cents.

Contrast such an experience with shopping here today. You will appreciate as never before the value of THE DAILY REPUBLICAN'S advertisements, which lead you to firms known for their honest goods and their fair dealings.

Automobile Repairing

We are prepared to do automobile repairing and vulcanizing
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

Give Us a Trial On Your Livery Hire

Rushville Vulcanizing Co.

Phone 3280 O. F. Bussard, Prop. Second St.



Souls (Soles) Saved Here

Bring in your shoes before your soles are "too far gone" and let us make a new pair out of them. You won't have to wait long. Our machinery will mend them in double quick time. It won't cost you much and you will get double the amount of wear out of them.

Best Leather used. All colors of Bon's Ankle Straps and Neverslips.

Simmes' Shoe Repair Shop

216 N. Main Street

V. J. JONES & CO.

Tailors, Dry Cleaners and Pressers

For the best work see us. Your garments called for and delivered. Phone 1043.

Kill the Rats

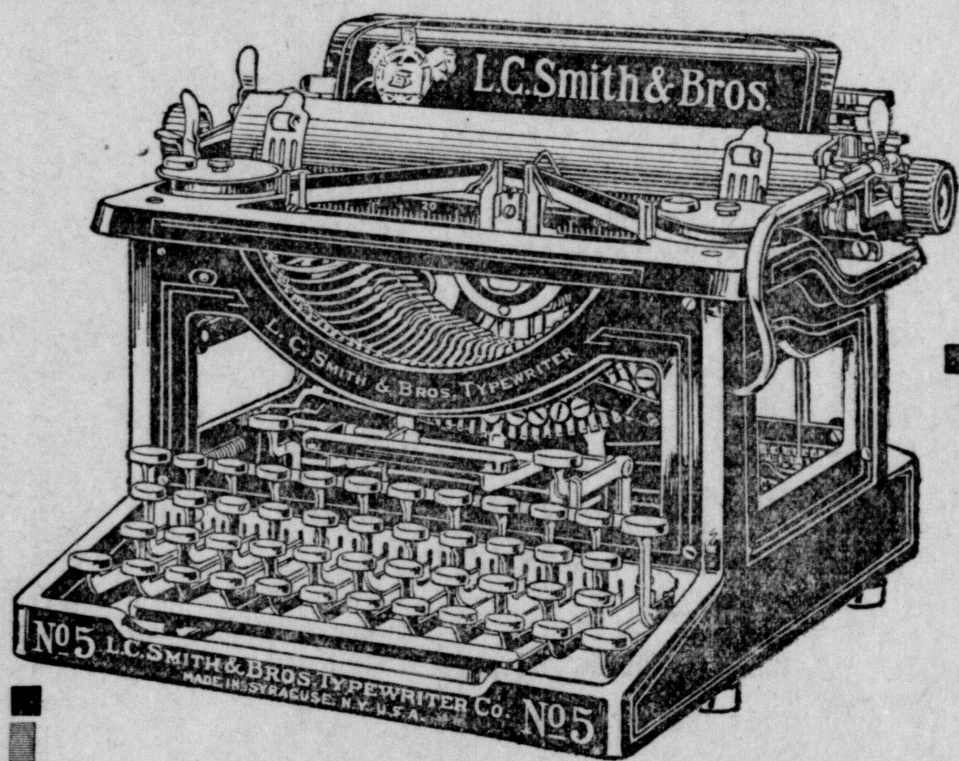
You are not always able to SWAT the rat but with our RAT Paste, made and sold only by us, you will be able to rid your premises in One Night.

The Paste That Kills

"The Store for Particular People."

Hargrove & Mullin - Drugs
Quality First

It Pays To Advertise



It Wins
its way by service

L. C. Smith & Bros. Typewriter

(Ball Bearing—Long Wearing)

In buying a typewriter you want a satisfactory answer to three questions:

**What will it do for me?
How well will it do it?
How long will it do it?**

By answering these queries with the needs of the typewriter owner and user in mind, the L. C. Smith & Bros. Typewriter Company has attained the front rank in the typewriter field.

Some people think that a typewriter is a typewriter and that is all there is to it. Machines may look alike but there is a lot of difference in efficiency.

The new Model Five is built not only for straight correspondence but for tabulating, billing and in fact for every service needed in the average business.

Its ball bearings at all points where friction develops through action, permit close adjustment and insure correct and accurate typewriting.

We would like the opportunity to tell you more about it.
Write for free book of our new Model Five.

L. C. SMITH & BROS. TYPEWRITER CO.

Head Office for Domestic and Foreign Business: SYRACUSE, N. Y., U. S. A.

Branches in all Principal Cities

INDIANAPOLIS BRANCH, INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA.
112 Monument Place.

Public Sale

—of—
**FARM KNOWN AS
THE WARRUM FARM**
—on—

Saturday, June 28th, 1913
At 2 O'clock P. M.

The undersigned will sell at public auction, on the above date, the one hundred six (106) acres of land and the buildings thereon, known as the Warrum Farm, located four miles east of Greenfield, being at Stop 65 on the Indianapolis, Terre Haute & Eastern Traction line.

The improvements on said real estate consist of a six room house, with out-buildings and good barn of sufficient capacity, deep driven well with wind pump attached, which furnishes water through the house; fences water through the house; fencing comparatively new and mostly wire; farm is well drained with tile. A one-half interest in thirty acres of growing corn will be sold with the farm.

Personal Property.

The following personal property will also be sold: Thirty shoats, weighing forty to fifty pounds, one male hog, two years old; seven brood sows four years old; one heifer two years old, will be fresh in fall; 600 bushels of oats in the granary, 14 acres of wheat, 18 acres of clover, 12 acres of timothy, one dipping tank, one hog fountain.

Terms of Sale.

Said sale will take place on the above described farm at 2 o'clock p. m., Saturday, June 28, 1913, and the farm and above described property will be sold free and clear of all incumbrances except the taxes for 1913, payable in 1914. Terms of sale for the real estate: one-third cash, one-third in one year, and one-third in two years from date of sale, deferred payments to be evidenced by promissory notes drawing 6 per cent interest, payable semi-annually, and secured by first mortgage on said real estate. The personal property will be sold for cash, or notes with approved security, due in six months, drawing 6 per cent interest.

SECURITY TRUST COMPANY,

Trustee.

Indianapolis, Ind.
Auctioneer—Mayor L. Shank.
Attorneys for Trustee—Wm. L. Taylor, Romney L. Wilson.
June 24-25

Don't buy water for bluing. Liquid blue is almost all water. Buy Russ Bleaching Blue, the blue that's all blue.

Smoke FAIR PROMISE 5c Cigars

FREEDOM FOR THE PHILIPPINES THE PLEA OF DELEGATE QUEZON

Force Alone Can Keep the Islands In Subjection, He Declares.

Ex-President Taft and Bishop Brent Also Express Their Views.

INDEPENDENCE for the Philippines, and that in the near future, was the plea made by Manuel Quezon, delegate in congress from the islands, at the first annual gathering of the Philippine society, held recently in New York city. Quezon pleaded earnestly for the freedom of his country, declaring that his people were progressive and able to govern themselves. He said emphatically that force, and force alone, could keep the Filipinos in subjection and gave these as his closing words:

"If you want to have a good market in the Philippines, if you want to exercise there the influence of your ministers and priests, if you want your institutions admired, if you want to gain our love, there is only one policy that can accomplish this—that of immedi-

they would prefer to continue to be the wards of this great nation.

"On the 13th of next August the United States will have been in the Philippines for fifteen years, and on that same date thirteen years of unbroken peaceful domination by this country over the islands will have elapsed. During all this time the policy of material development has been consistently pursued. Although at the cost of increasing our taxes, besides bonding ourselves and our sons, the government succeeded in providing the islands with more and better schools, more and better means of communication, and our trade has increased manifold.

Well Advertised Results.

"I shall not occupy my time by enumerating what has been done in the Philippines along those lines, for nothing about the islands is better known in the United States and the rest of the world than these so called accomplishments of the Philippine government. Government officials and private persons, supporters of this policy, have filled official documents, books, magazines, newspapers and what not with detailed accounts of the wonders done since American occupation, always giving the whole credit to American officials and using this tale as strong argument for the perpetual preservation both of the regime and the individuals in office who claim the responsibility for such wonderful improvements.

"Far be it from me to minimize the merit in this respect of those whose policy I am now discussing. But is it fair to forget that nothing could have been done in the islands without the enthusiastic co-operation of the Filipino people? Who paid and is paying for these improvements? Who has made them? Would any increase in our trade have been possible had we not tilled the soil and multiplied our production? You boast yourselves, and rightfully so, with having done in the



© by American Press Association.
SENOR MANUEL QUEZON.

ately taking the steps for the speedy granting of Philippine independence."

Ex-President William H. Taft also spoke at the meeting, the text of his remarks being a defense of his party's policy in respect to the islands. Another distinguished speaker was Bishop Charles H. Brent of the Episcopal church, who has spent ten years in the far east. He expressed it as his conviction that self government for the Filipinos was inevitable, but that it ought not to come now.

"I desire complete liberty in the Philippines," he said, "but I think the United States ought to proceed with caution."

Senor Quezon's Speech.

Mr. Quezon said in part:

"Ever since American occupation of the islands two different policies have been proposed by the two great political parties then in existence in the United States. One policy was to indefinitely retain the control of the islands on the ground of the assumed unfitness of the people thereof to take care of themselves until such unknown century as said people shall be fit for self government and in the interim to develop the natural resources of the archipelago through American capital and establish schools and build all sorts of means of transportation and communication. This policy considered the question of independence, for which we fought, one after the other, Spanish and American domination, as something that the Filipinos of today may properly continue to have in mind, but they must have 'out of sight.'

Cites the Case of Cuba.

"The other policy was to grant Philippine independence as it has been granted to Cuba. Inasmuch as the sponsors of the first policy were in power when the United States took possession of the archipelago and remained in power until last March, they consistently proceeded to put into practice their policy; they induced American capital to come into the islands, they built schools, roads, railroads, telegraphs, telephones, etc.; they made a successful effort to have free trade between the Philippines and the United States.

"At the very start of this policy they prophesied that in proportion to the increase of our trade with the United States our content and satisfaction to live under American tutelage would increase, and they predicted the day when the Filipinos of their own desire would sever their connection with the United States. In order that they may not prove to be false prophets those who thought this way coupled their forecast with the astounding reasoning that the Filipinos wanted independence now because they were not ready for it, but when they were fit to take care of themselves



© by W. F. Turner.
BISHOP CHARLES H. BRENT.

Philippines in a few years what has not been done in other countries in generations. But while this speaks of your energy and wisdom it also speaks of ours and of our advanced civilization when you came to the islands.

A Full Grown People.

"This simply shows that we should not be considered as wards, because we are full grown, responsible people. Just see and compare what progress has been made by your real wards in this country, for whose welfare and prosperity you are more in duty bound to look after because they are also Americans. The Indians and the negroes have had all the advantages of your initiative, of your help, of your personal example, of your unlimited resources. They are here living in the midst of your wonderful civilization. Yet how much have they progressed? How many generations have you been taking care of them? Does not the contrast of what has been accomplished in the Philippines emphatically demonstrate that the effects obtained are due to the existence in this case of a progressive, intelligent people, alive to their responsibilities and rights?

"It is evident that you nor anybody else could do anything for us without our own co-operation, because no one can be helped if he does not help himself also, but it is not proved that we could not have done the same thing that has been done in the last decade without the establishment of American sovereignty in the islands. But let me return to my point: I was saying that the material development policy has been going on for the last thirteen years. Yet the predicted satisfaction of the Filipinos has not appeared anywhere, and there are no signs of it appearing in the far distant horizon.

"In 1903 the then governor general

of the Philippines, in a public speech made before the Union Reading college, alluded with regrets to the ill feeling between Americans and Filipinos in the islands, but expressed his conviction that the next decade would change that condition. In 1909, six years after this statement was made, another governor general, before the Quill club, deplored that the gulf between Americans and Filipinos was growing wider. Last May an American, who has lived for nearly ten years in the Philippines, wrote in one of the magazines, 'Our yoke today is far more odious to the native educated and uneducated than when we started.'

"These statements show that every year that has rolled by with the policy so far pursued has witnessed a growing misunderstanding between the Filipinos and their American associates.

"From this it should be clear to all thinking men that material prosperity alone will not satisfy the Filipinos. In other words, it is not your philanthropy, your religious, commercial or governmental aid that we need or desire, it is your recognition of our right to claim and to enjoy that which is most dear to you—Freedom.

Arguments of Opposition.

"I know there are two forthcoming answers to this remark of mine. I have heard them many a time. I have read them in print—first, that it is not true that the masses of the Filipino people want independence; that, on the contrary, they are perfectly content to live under American rule; that they do not know what independence means and would not know what to do with it if they had it; that only a small and noisy group of irresponsible demagogues, office seekers and politicians who hope or expect to be in power in the event of Philippine independence, is crying loudly against American rule.

"Second, that the words of President Wilson are not applicable to the present condition of the Filipinos, because, although they do not have national independence, they have individual freedom.

"To those who hold the first theory let me say that they are deadly wrong. The Filipinos have given all possible evidence in words as well as in costly deeds of their unanimous and very earnest desire of becoming an independent nation. Only an inexplicable blindness can fail to see this fact. Force, and very superior force alone, can keep the Filipinos in subjection.

Not a Free People.

"To those who assert that the Filipinos, although under American guardianship, are a free people let me say that freedom and guardianship are two incompatible ideas. The fact that the Filipinos are given in the organic act the same individual rights that the American citizens have, with the exception of the right to bear arms and be tried by jury, does not make the Filipino as free as an American citizen, as has been alleged. A free man is he whose rights are secured by himself and cannot be taken away from him at will. Our so called individual rights are granted to us by congress, which has reserved the right to take them away from us at any time.

"The case of Canada, Australia and other self governing British colonies has been cited to prove that a people may not have national independence and yet be free. But the people of these colonies are a free people because their very loose connection with Great Britain is of their own will, and the mother country may not interfere with their affairs. Our status is wholly at variance with the Canadians or Australians. We are not free either as a people or as individuals.

Growing National Spirit.

"Now, gentlemen, I am sure that I am correct when I say that nothing short of Philippine independence granted now or promised to be granted within a comparatively short time will satisfy the Filipinos, and every day's delay in doing this makes the Filipinos more unhappy and discontented. And my knowledge of the feelings of my people cannot be successfully challenged.

"I have been fortunate enough to be associated with all classes of Filipinos. I have mingled with the poor as well as with the rich. Moreover, I have witnessed from my childhood this growing sentiment of nationality and desire for independence. I was reared by that same feeling. When I express the feeling of my people I am sure that I am not wrong, because I am expressing my own feelings, and when I express my own feelings I know that I am expressing those of my people, because mine have been inspired by the national spirit that fills the atmosphere throughout the islands."

FREE CLOTHES FOR OFFICIAL.

Paris Just Learns It Has to Dress the Council's President.

A surprising perquisite of the president of the municipal council of Paris, France, is that he be presented with a complete clothing outfit, from underwear to frockcoat, immediately after his election.

This amazing fact, just disclosed for the first time after the election of Chassaigne Goyon as president, has caused some indignation in Paris, for it is the ratepayers who foot the bill for this gift, which is a relic of less enlightened days.

Not only did M. Goyon receive flannels, a shirt, trousers, a coat, a vest, a silk hat, socks and boots, but, as a mark of the councilors' special appreciation, a box of scented toilet soap and a quart bottle of eau de cologne were also sent to him, for all of which the ratepayers will be called upon to pay.

AUGUSTUS O. STANLEY.

Kentucky Congressman Who Prepared Bill Hitting Tobacco Trust.



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RIVAL BROUGHT HIS PISTOL TO WEDDING

Two Killed and Four Wounded at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, June 24.—A pretty Italian bride, Mrs. Nicholas Bozzello, aged eighteen, and a friend who tried to save her, were killed last night by Angelo Crezario, a rejected suitor, who in turn had his throat slashed from ear to ear. He is dying in a hospital here.

Vincent Sporti, the friend, who tried to save the bride, was shot in the heart by the murderer and Selice Sporti, his brother, was stabbed in the breast and is not expected to live, while an unidentified woman of twenty-five was shot through the breast and the surgeons say that she has small chance of recovery.

Nicholas Bozzello and his child bride, had been sweethearts in Italy. He came to this country and promised to send for her as soon as he had earned enough to marry her. She had been courted during his absence by Crezario, who insisted that she should not marry another.

The girl spurned him and came here five weeks ago for the wedding. Last night the celebration of the event was planned and many of their friends attended the ceremony. More than a hundred of their friends were there but Crezario entered the house unseen. Without warning, the discarded man began firing.

Bankers Not Altogether Pleased.

New York, June 24.—The currency commission of the American Bankers' association, meeting here, has prepared a document setting forth specifically the suggestions of the bankers for modifications in the currency bill as at present outlined. The attitude of leading bankers is one of hopefulness that changes in the extremely few objectionable features of the bill may be made.

Lucas Declared Insane.

Richmond, Ind., June 24.—Seth Lucas, confessed wife slayer and incendiary, was declared to be temporarily insane by Judge Fox after he had heard the testimony of the two examining physicians, and ordered confined in the criminal insane ward of the state prison.

Laporte Fisherman Drowned.

Laporte, Ind., June 24.—The body of Frank Whorwell, thirty-three years old, was taken from Horseshoe lake, three miles northeast of this city. Whorwell was drowned while running a trot-line. It is supposed he leaned over the boat to bait the line and lost his balance.

TERSE TELEGRAMS

The nomination of Cornelius Ford of New Jersey as public printer has been confirmed by the senate.

Twenty men were executed at Constantinople for the assassination of Mahmud Shekret Pasha, grand vizier of Turkey.

The spots on the sun have disappeared since last April, which scientists regard as an extraordinary occurrence.

The tension between Serbia and Bulgaria is reported to have lessened and the situation is looked upon as more hopeful.

Reports from Tangiers represent the recent fighting between the Spanish soldiers and the Moors as being of a terrific nature. There was great slaughter on both sides.

Mrs. Ellen McReynolds, mother of Attorney General James C. McReynolds, fell and fractured her hip as she was about to board a train at Hopkinsville, Ky.

Arthur J. Pelkey, the prize fighter, charged with manslaughter in connection with the death at Calgary of Luther McCarty, another puglist, was adjudged not guilty by the jury.

BANKING REFORM STRONGLY URGED

The President Insists On Congress Taking Action.

AN APPEAL FOR CO-OPERATION

Asking the Legislators to Efface Selfish Considerations and Personal Comfort in Order to Bring About Immediately Needed Reformation of the Fiscal System, Mr. Wilson Presents His Views to Congress.

Washington, June 24.—To senators and representatives gathered in the house of representatives President Wilson read his address on the pressing need of currency legislation. The president's address was well received. Senators and representatives alike listened with respectful attention. It was more of an appeal for co-operation than an executive dictation of specific action. What the president really counseled the legislators to do was to efface selfish considerations and personal comfort in order to bring about immediately the needed reformation of the fiscal system. He dwelt at length on the suggestion that he has held out in previous statements of a less formal nature that currency and banking reform were a necessary corollary to tariff reform.

"It is absolutely imperative," said the president, "that we should give the business men of this country a banking and currency system by means of which they can make use of the freedom of enterprise and of individual initiative which we are about to bestow upon them."

"We are about to set them free; we must not leave them without the tools of action when they are free. We are about to set them free by removing the trammels of the protective tariff. There will be some readjustments of purpose and point of view. There will follow a period of expansion and new enterprise, freshly conceived. It is for us to determine now whether it shall be rapid and facile and of easy accomplishment. This it can not be unless the resourceful business men who are to deal with the new circumstances are to have at hand and ready for use the instrumentalities and conveniences of free enterprise which independent men need when acting on their own initiative."

"It is not enough to strike the shackles from business. The duty of statesmanship is not negative merely. It is constructive also. We must show that we understand what business needs and that we know how to supply it. No man, however casual and superficial his observation of the conditions now prevailing in the country, can fail to see that one of the chief things business needs now, and will need increasingly as it gains in scope and vigor in the years immediately ahead of us, is the proper means by which readily to vitalize its credit, corporate and individual, and its originative brains. The tyrannies of business, big and little, lie with the field of credit. It is perfectly clear that it is our duty to supply the new banking and currency system the country needs, and that it will immediately need it more than ever."

"The only question is, When shall we supply it—now, or later, after the demands shall have become reproaches that we were so dull and so slow? Shall we hasten to change the tariff laws and then be laggards about making it possible and easy for the country to take advantage of the chance? There can be only one answer to that question. We must act now, at whatever sacrifice to ourselves. It is a duty which the circumstances forbid us to postpone. I should be recreant to my deepest convictions of public obligation did I not press it upon you with solemn and urgent insistence."

MRS. SCHEIBER TESTIFIES

Former Indiana Woman on Trial at Memphis For Killing Husband.

Memphis, Tenn., June 24.—Mrs. Margaret Scheiber, accused of murdering her husband, August Scheiber, told her story to a jury in the criminal court here, denying that she had intended or said she was going to make a graveyard out of her husband if he did not stop going to see Mary Howell, a boyhood sweetheart, when all parties to the tragedy lived in Mt. Vernon, Ind.

"It was the sight of that woman's blue dress," said Mrs. Scheiber, fiercely, "that caused me to stagger into her room and shoot. I found her stooping over my husband, calling him baby and other pet names. I fired, and the bullet intended for her killed my husband. I don't know how I got out of that house, but I did, and went home on a streetcar."

Scheiber left an estate valued at \$200,000 and that much life insurance besides. He was shot the last week in March last.

Made Too Short a Turn.

Bath, N. Y., June 24.—Fred E. Gardner was drowned in Lake Keuka while operating an aeroplane. In making a turn he was seen to incline the machine at too acute an angle, with the result that the machine turned turtle and fell into the water.

AUGUSTA E. STETSON

New York Woman Announces Herself Head of C. S. Church.



CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PEOPLE INTERESTED

Mrs. Stetson Declares Herself Head of Church.

New York, June 24.—Excommunicated from the mother church of Christian Scientists in Boston in 1909, Mrs. Augusta E. Stetson now announces herself in her new book as the true teacher of Christian Science as opposed to the directors of the mother church. She shows virtually that she regards herself as the person to whom Mrs. Eddy intended should descend the real authority of the church, not as the head of the church in the sense that Mrs. Eddy was and is, but in the sense that her interpretation of Christian Science should be accepted rather than the views of the mother church directors.

That Mrs. Stetson looks upon herself as the true authority on Mrs. Eddy's teachings is shown in many ways in the new book, and is further substantiated by the assertion of friends of Mrs. Stetson.

"It was a splendid thing indeed that Mrs. Stetson got out of the mother church," one of them said. "It was Mrs. Eddy's wish, really, for the founder of Christian Science wanted Mrs. Stetson to develop spiritually and mentally, as she could not have done had she remained confined by the material organization and the board of directors. Mrs. Stetson thinks Mrs. Eddy foresaw that it would be better for Mrs. Stetson to be unhampered by material things and to grow in strength and in fullness of understanding as to the meaning of Christian Science. She has indeed risen higher and higher and is closer than anybody else to Mrs. Eddy, who soon will manifest herself to Mrs. Stetson."

Mrs. Stetson's book, containing 1,200 pages, has many things that are taken by her followers to prove that she has the correct understanding of Mrs. Eddy's doctrine, as opposed to the directors of the Boston church, and that therefore she should be at the helm of the mother church. They believe she should be directing its affairs and interpreting to the Scientists the meaning of Mrs. Eddy's textbook.

TRADING STAMP FIRM WINS

Federal Court Grants Injunction in Michigan City Case.

Indianapolis, June 24.—Judge Anderson, in federal court, granted a permanent injunction against Michigan City in favor of a trading stamp corporation which sought to prevent the city from enforcing an ordinance calling for a license for its business. The effect of the ruling is to declare the ordinance unconstitutional and unreasonable.

The ordinance passed by the council of Michigan City placed a monthly license fee of \$75 on concerns engaged in the trading stamp business. The complaining company got a temporary injunction when it filed its complaint alleging that the ordinance was unconstitutional and unreasonable.

Caught by Trolley Car.

Mishawaka, Ind., June 24.—Mrs. Deruyver was killed and her husband seriously injured when an interurban car struck the motorcycle on which they were riding.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE.

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

	Temp.	Weather.
New York.....	71	Clear
Boston.....	70	Clear
Denver.....	56	Cloudy
San Francisco..	54	Cloudy
St. Paul.....	62	Clear
Chicago.....	70	Cloudy
Indianapolis...	74	Cloudy
St. Louis.....	82	Cloudy
New Orleans...	80	Clear
Washington...	68	Rain

Local thunder showers.

County News

Glenwood.

Mr. and Mrs. Rolla Hobbs of Terre Haute were here Sunday to attend the funeral of his grandmother, Mrs. Guynne. Mr. Hobbs is a very successful butcher in Terre Haute.

Wilson Johnson was here attending the funeral services of Mrs. Guynne, his mother-in-law. Mrs. Johnson preceded her mother some few years ago.

Walter Guynne of Indianapolis attended the funeral of his mother, Mrs. Guynne.

Rev. t. Serrett preaches twice every Sunday, both morning and evening. His sermons grow more and more interesting from Sabbath to Sabbath. Bro. Earl Young's illustrations of Rev. Serrett's sermons are very appropriate and neat, and worthy of mention.

The usual services were held in the United Presbyterian church Sunday afternoon.

John Peck is assisting C. L. Reed in moving some of the buildings away from his house so he can build an addition to it.

S. D. Turner while working on his farm southeast of here, fell backward from his horse and was nearly trampled to death. While the fall was a severe shock to Mr. Turner the horses made it more severe by trampling him. He was unconscious five hours and it was thought that he would not regain consciousness. He shows signs of improvement. The physician thinks he probably will recover.

Mr. Scholl of Lyons station accompanied Frank Scholl to Sunday school and preaching services Sunday morning.

Charles Sparks is assisting Orlando Neihs in the manufacture of hard maple lumber.

Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Fielding and A. H. Fielding were calling in Indianapolis on Sabbath.

Mr. and Mrs. Everett Clifford and little baby Clifford are visiting Mrs. Clifford's mother and sisters for a few weeks during Mr. Clifford's vacation.

Dorf Stevens visited Mr. and Mrs. A. Hinchman over Sunday.

A. L. Chew called at Rushville on Sunday evening.

During two years 34,000 miles of improved roads were constructed in this country, which is more than all the roads of France.

Test by Test, Fair Promise 5c Cigar

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

For Your Summer Vacation the

New York Central Lines

Big Four—"Water-Level Route"

Will Sell at Very Low Fares UNTIL SEPTEMBER 30th

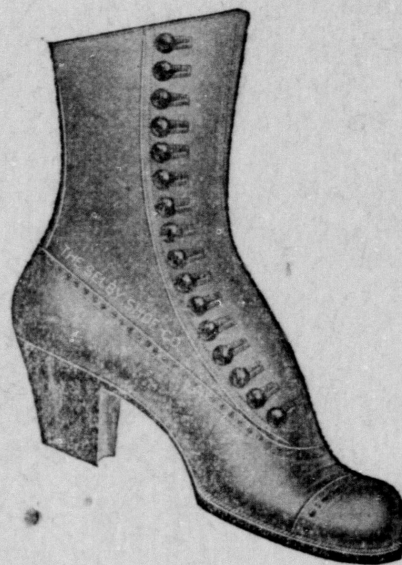
Round Trip Tickets to

New York, Boston and Eastern Summer Resorts

Niagara Falls, Thousand Islands, St. Lawrence River, Adirondack Mountains, New England, Canadian and Sea Shore Resorts.

For particulars consult nearest agent BIG FOUR ROUTE

Do You Want a Beautiful French Plate, Heavy Bevel Mirror



Hat Rack in Frame of Mahogany white or gold? We have made arrangements where we can sell you

A Regular \$2.50 Mirror Size 17x17 inches for 98c, With Each \$2.50 Shoe Purchase.

Come In and Let Us Show You! Repairing Neatly and Promptly Done

BEN A. COX, The Shoe Man

Don't Worry! Conkey Will Cure Me

A Full Line of Conkey's Remedies

and all the Best Stock Remedies on Hand.

T. W. Lytle

Cor. Main & 3rd Phone No. 1038

The Rexall Store

DID YOU EVER TRY

A Want Ad?

"A Sure Thing and With Quick Results"

Will sell anything you have you do not want, or will rent that empty house or room. Telephone 1111 and the boy will collect later.

6%

4%

We are in a position to make
Farm Loans on the most fav-
orable terms.

For the investor we offer a
very desirable Guaranteed
Mortgage Certificate.

Farmers Trust Co.

3%

2%

The Daily Republican

The "Old Reliable" Republican News-
paper of Rush County.

Published Daily except Sunday by
THE REPUBLICAN COMPANY.
Office: Northwest Corner of Second and
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RUSHVILLE, INDIANA.

Entered at the Rushville, Ind., Postoffice
as Second-class Matter.

TELEPHONE NUMBER, 1111.

Tuesday, June 24, 1913.

Room For 2 Parties.

Though circulars had been as-
siduously scattered all over the town
and about the college buildings of
the University of Illinois, advising all
moosers to stay away from the meet-
ing, it was a monster audience that
gathered in Champaign, Ill., last Sat-
urday to hear an address by Herbert
S. Hadley, former republican gov-
ernor of Missouri. And he said
things worth hearing, as witness
these few sentences from his speech:

"With room in this country only
for two large parties, the Republi-
cans instead of warring should be
united, with the menace of socialism
becoming larger," he said.

"Controversies were not over poli-
cies but over the question of party
control," he continued. "No inactive
or unaggressive leadership shall sur-
vive. We should correct the basis of
representation that furnishes the in-
centive to political control. I hope
to see a national convention or some
other body assembled within the next
six months to deal with this question
public opinion in the selection of
representation in national councils
that will make our national councils
truly representative of public opinion
within the ranks of the Republican
party. I hope to see such changes in
our rules as will show a recognition
of public opinion in the selection of
representatives who shall represent
our parties through the states.

"In dealing with the question of
the future the progressive republi-
cans cannot ask that the conserva-
tive republican change his opinion
for the sake of success of the party.
But each and both have a right to
demand and insist that the tribunal
is representative of public opinion
within the republican party.

"There are men, no doubt, who
contend that the conditions that
brought about the defeat of the
party were not conditions over ques-
tions of political management and
control; were not over the question
of alleged abuses in the last national
convention but were over fundamen-
tal principles, and that the party had
outlived its usefulness. It was con-
tended that the republican party was
reactionary. There never was a time
when unsupported charges were so
accepted without proof as they have
been in the past year."

Perkins A Pessimist.

George W. Perkins, chief backer
of Theodore Roosevelt in the last
campaign, believes he is going to the
penitentiary for violation of the
Sherman anti-trust law, and it ap-
pears from this that there may have
been some method in his madness;
the lending of his influence and
money to the movement that attempt-
ed to destroy the Republican party,
and incidentally Mr. Taft, because it
was the Taft administration that
brought the suit against the Interna-
tional Harvester company, for which
Mr. Perkins is being held to account
for organizing.

In a statement to the United Press
after he left the stand in Chicago
Saturday, after a severe grilling in

the hearing of the government suit
against the harvester company, Mr.
Perkins declared that he believed he
would be indicted and prosecuted
for criminal violation of the Sher-
man law.

"I firmly believe that I am on my
way to the penitentiary," said Per-
kins, after he had left the witness
stand where he engaged in a tilt
with Edward P. Grosvenor, special
government prosecutor. "That is
the policy of the American govern-
ment toward its corporations. It dis-
courages industry and enterprise and
believes in jailing the men who cre-
ated its industries.

"Mr. Jones, of Canada, organized
a company for the same purpose as
for which I organized the Interna-
tional Harvester Company, and he
was knighted by the British govern-
ment. This is the attitude of the
British government toward enter-
prise. Nearly every government but
the American recognizes valuable
services and rewards them."

"As I said before," Perkins con-
cluded, "I am on my way to the
penitentiary."

Special Prosecutor Governor, for
the government, made a brief com-
ment after Perkins left the stand.
"We have proved our case by his tes-
timony," Grosvenor said. "We
have proved that the International
controls 85 per cent. of the output
of agricultural implements in this
country."

One of the bills introduced into
congress by Senator Nelson, of Min-
nesota, proposes to enlarge the presi-
dent's veto power by permitting him
to cut out separate items of appro-
priation bills that appear objection-
able to him. The power to veto
particular appropriation items is
vested in the governor by many of
our state constitutions.

If the executive is to have a check
upon lawmaking, the argument in
favor of permitting him to treat the
appropriation bills item by item is all
one way. The president has often
found it necessary to veto an entire
appropriation measure because of
some one vicious section or unde-
sirable rider, as was done, for example,
by President Taft when he vetoed
the sundry civil appropriation bill
just before he went out of office to
which a clause had been attached de-
signing to nullify the enforcement of
the Sherman Anti-trust law upon la-
bor unions and farmers' combines.
Again, enactments have been smug-
gled into the statutes which would
never have esaped a veto except for
the fact that they were hitched onto
appropriation measure which the
president did not feel warranted in
holding up.

It must not be supposed, however,
that this enlargement of the presi-
dent's veto power can be easily or
quickly brought about. The only
way it can be accomplished is by
amending the federal constitution,
which is a slow and cumbersome pro-
cess at best.

LOST—\$20 and \$5 bill some place on
Main, Second or Sexton streets,
between Havens Bros. grocery and
826 North Sexton. Finder return to
E. T. Reardon at C. H. & D.
Passenger station. Reward.
8813.

I HAVE—Several good applicants,
with best of reference, wanting to
rent farms from 80 to 400 acres.
See T. M. Offutt Rushville, Ind.
8811.

See J. V. Young for automobile
licenses before July 1st. 8518

Editorialettes

Some joker telephoned the Colyum
yesterday that they left the lid off
the reservoir the other night and let
the rain in, which accounts for the
high pressure.

The Kokomo Tribune is making a
spectacular fight for drinking foun-
tains on the public square. We have
been pondering for some time—
weeks in fact—and have about de-
cided to write an essay on "The
Values of Drinking Fountains When
They are Dry." And in the same
envelope we would tender the Tri-
bune our drinking fountains on the
four corners of the court house
block. Somebody ought to take 'em
because they can't even be used for
hitching posts.

President Wilson worked some on
his message the other Sunday, but it
is not true that he charges time and
a half for overtime.

Something to Worry About.

General Woods says the United
States army would be short twelve
thousand officers if there was a war.
a war.

But these are these Kentucky col-
onels who, of course, the general was
not figuring on.

The people who came in on the
stern of the big Imperator, the big-
gest steamship afloat and which was
recently launched, must have got up
quite an appetite walking up to the
wharf.

The fans who do the most knock-
ing are the very ones who couldn't
make a safe hit out of a hundred
times up.

A man may exhibit a broad flag on
his veranda and still be a slim kind
of a patriot.

Doctor Wiley of pure food fame
says that one can get drunk on food
the same as one gets drunk on whis-
key. Wouldn't it be fierce to go on a
cherry pie drunk?

We respect the word of Mr. J. S.
Lakin very highly as regards that
cold weather of 1856. Getting mar-
ried is a very memorable event and
most certainly he must remember the
date. But his contradiction of Mr.
A. G. Reeve is not supported by the
report of the antics of the mercury.
Mr. Reeve must be given the bacon
since he has a record of what the
thermometer was doing on that
eventful morning. Shall we consider
the incident closed? There being no
votes either way, we will not consid-
er it at all.

SAYS NEGROES ARE IN ROW ALL TIME

Moscow Man Tells of Several Dis-
turbances Among Workmen on
Orange Township Highway.

NEAR DUEL IS PREVENTED

Some near tragedies have been
enacted by men employed on the con-
struction of a road in Orange town-
ship near Moscow, according to a St.
Paul dispatch to a Greensburg news-
paper. The story is purported to be
told by a Moscow man who has been
driving a team on the new road.

He says, according to the dis-
patch, that one big colored man
slapped one his own race who was
resented the insult and walked to Mil-
roy, bought a shotgun and started
back. In the meantime the contrac-
tor heard of the trouble, intercepted
the negro with the gun and brought
him here. The other negro had se-
cured a revolver and was prepared
for the duel.

Another incident he related is that
only one day during a meal at the
camp one negro was argued by the
remark of another and seizing an
axe, held it over the head of the one
making the remark and threatened to
split his had if he said another word.
The axe was taken from him before
he did any damage.

STORY OF GREAT BATTLE SOON TO HAVE ITS SEMICENTENNIAL

Gettysburg Campaign Un-
doubtedly Most Decisive
of Four Years' Strife.

Casualties Heavier Than In
Any Other Battle of
the Civil War.

GETTYSBURG CASUALTIES.

Trustworthy computations of the
losses of the Federal army in the
battle of Gettysburg give the aggre-
gate as 23,001, of which number 3,970
were killed, 14,497 wounded and 5,434
missing. Confederate records avail-
able give a total of 20,448, the killed
numbering 2,592, the wounded 12,706
and the missing 5,150. Aggregate
for each side was the heaviest of
any battle of the war.

By Capt. GEORGE L. KILMER, Late U. S. V.

THE Gettysburg campaign, the
semicentennial of which is now
upon us, began with fighting on
the Rappahannock river, in Vir-
ginia. June 9, 1863, and ended with
fighting on the Potomac, in Maryland,
July 12, 1863. Incident to the military
maneuvers, there were combats in
Virginia every day from June 9 to
June 21. The first serious encounter
on northern soil took place June 30
at Hanover, Pa., and for three days
following the opposing armies con-
tended for the mastery around the
town of Gettysburg.

On the battlefield, now a magnificent
memorial park, anniversary exercises
are scheduled for July 1, 2, 3 and 4.
The celebration is perhaps the great-
est and it assuredly is the most sig-

through Cashtown. Brisk fighting fol-
lowed. Heth was re-enforced, and, op-
portunistically, Reynolds reached the front
with General J. S. Wadsworth's divi-
sion. Reynolds was killed while di-
recting the deployment of General A.
Doubleday's division to support Wad-
sworth's line on the left.

The fighting and new dispositions
had consumed the time from 8 to 11
o'clock. Doubleday succeeded to the
command when Reynolds fell. General
John C. Robinson's division, the
remainder of the First corps, arrived,
and Doubleday posted the brigades
and batteries to hold the Cashtown
road at all hazards.

On the Confederate side General A.
P. Hill brought forward General W.
D. Pender's division to aid Heth.
About noon the commander of the Fed-
eral Eleventh corps, General O. O.
Howard, reached the battlefield. He
outranked Doubleday and took com-
mand. While his corps was coming up
a fresh Confederate force, the divi-
sions of General Jubal Early and
General R. E. Rodes of General R. S.
Ewell's corps, was sighted north of the
town by Buford's watchful troopers.

Federals Seize Cemetery Hill.

To meet the new menace Howard
pushed forward the Eleventh corps di-
visions of General F. C. Barlow and
General A. Schimmelpenninck and di-

Twelfth corps had joined the re-
treated troops on the ridge. The Twelfth
corps, under General H. W. Sumner,
was the right of the line, on Culp's
hill, and the Third corps formed the
left, with the survivors of the First
and Eleventh in the center. At 7 a.
m. the Second corps, led by General
W. S. Hancock, arrived and took po-
sition on the right of the Third and two
divisions of the Fifth, commanded by
General George Sykes, acted as re-
serve.

In Lee's camp two divisions of Gen-
eral James Longstreet's corps reached
the field during the night; also Gen-
eral Edward Johnson's division of
Ewell's corps. Hill's and Ewell's
troops had continued on in the direc-
tion the fighting led them on the 1st.
This drew Ewell to the northern end
of the ridge and Hill toward its west-
ern slope.

Longstreet deployed his line on the
right of Hill and so confronted, at a
distance of two miles, the Federal
Third corps line. Hill confronted the
Federal center. About noon Sickles
advanced the Third corps from the
main ridge westward one mile to a
secondary ridge along the Emmitsburg
road. Here the divisions of General
D. B. Birney and General A. A. Hum-
phreys were suddenly assailed.

Sickles was wounded, fighting hero-
ically, and his line destroyed and hur-
led back toward the main ridge, which
at this point terminates in the eleva-
tions known as Round Top and Little
Round Top.

Lee Decides to Fight It Out.

During the height of the battle troops
of the Second and Fifth Federal corps
reached the scene of combat. At the
beginning of the attack General G. K.
Warren hurried a brigade and cannon
to Little Round Top, at the foot of
which just at nightfall the fierce on-
slaught of Hood was checked. Mean-
while two of Hill's brigades pierced
the Federal center of Cemetery ridge.
At the close of the day Ewell attacked
the Federal right flank. Early's divi-
sion was repulsed in a desperate as-
sault on Cemetery hill, but Johnson's
division broke through the Federal
breastworks on Culp's hill.

In the evening an important council
was held in the Confederate camp. In
spite of opposition to the plan, Lee de-
cided that there should be a grand as-
sault on Meade's position on Ceme-
tery ridge the next day. Early on July
3 fighting began on the Federal right
flank on Culp's hill.

General Ewell, who commanded the
Confederate corps on this front, de-
termined that having obtained a foot-
hold on the hill he would not be driven
out. Johnson's division was establish-
ed there in breastworks built by Gen-
eral Slocum's Federal corps. Ewell
sent two brigades to support Johnson,
who immediately charged forward, but
was soon checked. Unknown to him
Federal re-enforcements had arrived
during the night. The captured ground
was untenable, and he withdrew from
the hill.

Pickett's Historic Charge.

The Confederates having failed in
their attacks upon each extremity of
Meade's long line of battle, it remain-
ed for Lee to withdraw or attack the
Federal center. The division of Gen-
eral George E. Pickett of Longstreet's
corps alone remained fresh in the
whole army. Pickett had reached the
front early on the 3d with 9,000 men.
To this body Lee added 6,000 men
from Hill's corps under General Pen-
der and General J. J. Pettigrew.

The point to be assailed was held by
detachments from four Federal corps
under command of Hancock. The Sec-
ond corps troops were fresh; others
belonging to the First, Third and Ele-
venth corps had fought on the 1st or
2d. The prelude to Pickett's charge
was a cannonade of Hancock's line
opened by 150 Confederate guns at 1
p. m. The object was to break up
Hancock's ranks and prepare the way
for the assaulting column to rush to
the crest of the ridge at one dash.

On the Federal side eighty guns had
been posted along the crest, all that it
would hold, to answer the fire. Dur-
ing the two hours' duel of artillery the
batteries of both sides suffered severely.
At 3 o'clock General Hunt, Meade's
chief of artillery, directed his guns to
cease firing in order to cool the pieces
and preserve some ammunition for the
contest at close quarters which he saw
was impending.

The cessation of the Federal artill-
ery fire gave Lee the impression that
Hunt's guns had been silenced. The
grand column of 15,000 men then
moved out across an intervening plain
only to meet a rain of solid shot as
soon as they came in sight of Hunt's
artillerists. Gaps torn in the ranks
by Federal shots were quickly closed,
and the line moved onward.

Climax at the Stone Wall.

Hancock's main line was posted be-
hind a stone wall. The troops held
their fire until the assailants were
close up. Fresh batteries relieved
those which had spent all their ammu-
nition, infantry reserves were brought
up, and a few moments of unequal
struggle decided the day and decided
Gettysburg. The brigades of General
L. A. Armistead and General R. E.
Garnett alone carried their banners to
and across the stone wall. Both lead-
ers fell.

Pickett saw that it was impossible to
hold the position which had been at-
tained by Armistead and Garnett. Fed-
erals were rushing at him from all
sides. His men were fighting hand to
hand with troops of the Second corps.
Clubbed muskets and staves of regi-
mental banners were used in a strug-
gle at once fierce and hopeless for the
Confederates. Pettigrew's forces on
the left of Pickett's column had given
way, and a strong Federal line had ac-
cumulated on that flank. The order
at last was given, "Save who can!"



SCENES AND PERSONS PROMINENT IN EARLY FIGHTING AT
GETTYSBURG.

1. Stone breastworks on Little Round Top. 2. General Alfred Pleasonton, U. S. A., commander of the Federal cavalry corps. 3. General George A. Custer, U. S. A., leader of a cavalry brigade. 4. Monument to Ohio troops at Gettysburg. 5. General E. J. Kilpatrick, U. S. A., commander of a cavalry division. 6. General Custer in his headquarters. 7. General George E. Pickett, C. S. A., leader in the charge on Cemetery ridge. 2, 3 and 6, Copyright by Patriot Publishing company. 5 and 7, Copyright by Review of Reviews company.

nificant of the kind known to history.
Assembled under one flag tens of thou-
sands of the survivors of the warring
hosts will recount upon the scenes of
their occurrence the battle episodes of
half a century ago.

On the morning of July 1, 1863, the
opposing armies, led by General Robert
E. Lee and General George G.
Meade, were marching in the vicinity
of and generally in the direction of
Gettysburg.

The seven corps composing the Army
of the Potomac were then distributed
in northern Maryland from one to
three days' march from one another
and from Gettysburg. Meade ordered
them to proceed to that point.

Fighting Began July 1.

The First corps was in advance and
closest to Gettysburg. Its commander,
General J. F. Reynolds, who was a
Pennsylvanian, without waiting for
orders marched forward with the
intention of holding the town. He
directed the Eleventh corps to close
up in support and recommended to
General Daniel E. Sickles, head of the
Third corps, that he move his com-
mand forward also.

Early in the morning General John
Buford's Federal cavalry encountered
General Henry Heth's Confederate in-
fantry marching toward Gettysburg
by the road from Chambersburg

rected the division of General A. von
Steinwehr to ascend a height rising
north of the town and there remain
as reserve. These were the first troops
on Cemetery ridge.

Howard sent word to Meade, who
was several miles away, of the death
of Reynolds and the situation at the
front. Doubleday's First corps line
faced west and the Eleventh corps line
faced north, both at that hour being
less than a mile from the town. The
divisions of Rodes and Early, the for-
mer marching south and the latter
southeast, arrived in sight of Gettys-
burg at the same time and struck the
Eleventh corps line in front and on
both flanks almost at once.

Ewell's line as it forged ahead turned
the right flank of the First corps
line west of Gettysburg. The troops
fought desperately to hold the Cashtown
approach. The "Iron Brigade" and
the Pennsylvania "Bucktails" were
conspicuous for their valor and
sacrifices. Over 50 per cent of the
corps fell, killed or wounded. At
nightfall the remnant retreated to the
ridge, where the Eleventh corps sur-
vivors had preceded them.

The Struggle For Round Top.

Lee in person had directed the
close of the fight on July 1. His op-
ponent, Meade, only arrived at 2 a. m.,
the 2d. By that time the Third and

At the Rush County National Bank

The interest taken in depositors is by no means centered on those who have the largest accounts.

It is the purpose of its officers to cause every depositor to feel that the bank is interested in his success and that it is ready and willing to serve his interests in helpful ways.

Establish your relations with this pioneer bank by becoming a depositor. Efficient service and liberal treatment are assured to you.

The Rush County National Bank

Rushville, Indiana

L. LINK, President, W. E. HAVENS, Vice President
L. M. SEXTON, Cashier, B. L. TRABUE, Asst. Cashier

—Dr and Mrs. Marion Thrasher of San Francisco, are visiting Mrs. Marshall Blackledge. They are returning from a six months tour around the world.

—Mrs. Luella Crumpacker left today for Lagrange, to attend the annual state convention of the Tri Kappa sorority as delegate from the local chapter, instead of Miss Hazel Lytle, who was unable to attend.

—Miss Georgia Amos left today for Zanesville, Ohio, for a visit with her sister, Mrs. George Nichols, formerly Miss Ethel Amos. From Zanesville she will go to Westerville, Ohio, to attend a house party of Western college girls.

Amusements

The Princess offers a Lubin two-reel feature tonight entitled "The Power of the Cross." It tells a powerful dramatic story of circumstantial evidence. Arthur Johnson and Lottie Briscoe are shown in this picture.

The Palace will show an Imp drama "Blood Will Tell" for the first picture tonight. The other is a split-reel Nestor showing two comedies, "A Knight of the Garter" and "Fickle Phil." Miss Leona Thomas will be featured tonight with violin selections.

Bandmaster Innes who is to bring his famous organization to the Rushville chautauqua on Wednesday, August 6, has just taken out an accident policy which insures the hands of his harpist, H. J. Williams, for a period of three years, in the sum of \$25,000. This action is the result of an injury to one of the harpist's hands during the Band's last winter caused, not by a wicked buzz-saw, but by an apparently innocent Pullman car window, which the harpist unwisely undertook to tame. The injury resulted in Innes being without his famous harpist for three weeks.

The G. A. R. will meet Wednesday afternoon at the headquarters in the court house. A large crowd is desired.

PULMOTOR SAVES INFANT.
Born With Collapsed Lungs, Air Is Forced In and Child Lives.

Mrs. Ida Nathanson of New York city while a patient in Lebanon hospital there gave birth to a boy weighing six pounds, but the child was born with collapsed lungs in which there was no air, and consequently there was no circulation of blood. Dr. Epstein of the house staff tried the usual remedies for this condition, but they proved unavailing. Then Dr. Abraham Ronzy, visiting physician, suggested that they try a pulmotor which had arrived at the institution several days before.

Placing the cap over the child's face in the same way it is used for restoring an asphyxiated person, the two physicians worked the pulmotor at very low pressure. Within ten minutes there were respiration and circulation, and the infant was declared out of danger. Dr. Ronzy said that as far as he knew this was the first time a pulmotor had been put to this use and said he would report the case to the medical societies.

The State of Washington operates five stone quarries, using the product in road building.

C.O.D. PARCEL POST TAGS ARE RECEIVED

Bright Red Pieces of Card Board Will be Attached to Packages After First of July.

COSTS FEE OF TEN CENTS

C. O. D. tags for parcel post packages which may be used after July have arrived at the local postoffice. The tags are red, about eight inches in length and divided into three coupons and the main part of the tag. The first coupon is detached when the package is sent and given to the sender, the second will be detached by the mailing office and kept on file, and the third will be detached and signed by the addressee and returned through the carrier with an application for a money order. The money order will then be sent to the addressor.

To send a parcel C. O. D. it will cost a fee of ten cents, providing that the amount to be collected does not exceed \$100.

The C. O. D. packages will be delivered only to offices having the money order privilege. Another point which the government is trying to emphasize is that when packages are received by patrons they cannot examine them before paying the charges. The package can be refused, but it cannot be opened before the charges are paid.

INSECTS INFEST THE TREE FRUITS

Majority of Them Produce Serious Results if no Remedies Are Applied, Purdue Professor Says.

SOME APPLICATIONS CITED

"The tree-fruits," says Professor Troop of the entomologist department, Purdue university, "are infested by a greater variety of insects than any other class of plants. More than 200 species are known to infest either the trees or fruit in some form. Some of them are only of minor importance, but the greater number often produce serious results if no remedies are applied. The Woolly aphid attacks the roots; the borers and bark-beetles attack the trunks; the numerous species of scale and bark-lice attack the branches; the various forms of caterpillars and plant-lice devour the leaves, or suck the life out of them while the codling moth, apple maggot, and different species of curculio strive to outdo each other in destroying the fruit.

"In applying remedies for all of these, one thing must be borne in mind, that is, the remedy must always be suited to the habits of the insect. For example, the smoking species, like plant-lice, must be treated with a contact poison, such as kerosene emulsion. In order to prevent the borers and bark beetles from gaining entrance, a repellent, such as soap and carbolic acid, is used on the trunk, while the scales should be treated to the lime-sulphur wash. The caterpillar and most fruit insects may be held in check by a proper use of a stomach poison, such as paris green or some other compound of arsenic."

PICNIC JULY 4.

The Knights Templar of this city have arranged for an all-day picnic at the fair grounds the Fourth of July. The feature will be a basket dinner at noon and after this several original "stunts" will be given. The program of events has not yet been completed. The picnic is for Knights Templars and their families and a large crowd is expected to attend.

The Utopia club will meet with Mrs. Fred Beale at her home in North Oliver street Thursday afternoon.

Smoke FAIR PROMISE 5c Cigars

All Amounts to Your Credit on Next Sat.

Night Begin to

Draw 6% Interest

ON JULY 1st.

Open Your Account NOW. Do Not Delay

Open Saturday Night Until 8 O'clock P. M.
Office at Farmers' Trust Co.

Building Ass'n No. 10

Oh Say! Have You Tried Wilkinson's Home Made Bread?

They have Salt Rising and Yeast, and it is just Grand. We have used it for years.

Wilkinson Cakes are Sanitary Wrapped

Phone 3279. Cor. Morgan and First Sts.

FERTILIZERS

Best Brands carried in stock at all times. Don't contract ahead but save canvassers' commission. Come in and get it when convenient to you, not when convenient to shippers.

SWIFT'S TANKAGE

For hogs—always on hand

WIRE FENCE

Buckeye and Adrian, all sizes—and all Cheap

FENCE POSTS

Locust, Red Cedar and White Cedar. End Posts, Line Posts and Anchor Posts

SHINGLES

Lady Smith—Best Shingle Made

J. P. FRAZEE

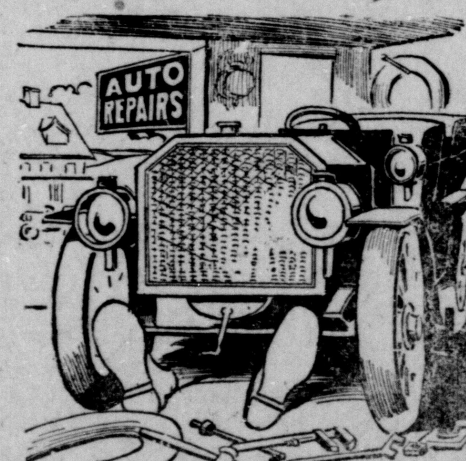
The Champion Bulls Eye Hitter

when it comes to making good bread, is,

CLARK'S PURITY FLOUR.

If you are unable to get good bread from the flour you are using, we suggest that you try a sack of CLARK'S PURITY

Purchase Advertised Articles.



IT ISN'T AT ALL COMFORTABLE

to have to go down on your back under your ear in some lonely place to tinker up something that a little forethought would have prevented. The forethought consists in having us overhaul your auto occasionally to see if any repairs are needed. Think of your former experience and act accordingly.

WILLIAM E. BOWEN

Phone 1364.

Honey Honey

We have just received our first shipment of new honey honey. The quality is unusually fine this year,

L.L. ALLEN, Grocer

Phone 1420

327-329. Main St.

:PALACE:

"Blood Will Tell"

(Imp Drama)

"A Knight of the Garter"

and

"Fickle Phil"

(Nestor Comedies)

VAUDEVILLE

Miss Leona Thomas, in Violin Selection
Don't Miss It

REMEMBER NO ADVANCE IN PRICE

COOLEST PLACE

Princess Theatre

TWO REEL LUBIN SPEICAL

Arthur Johnson and Lottie Briscoe in

"The Power of the Cross"

A Powerful Dramatic Story of Circumstantial Evidence.

A Story That Will Hold You Spellbound. DON'T MISS IT.

TOMORROW

VITAGRAPH SOCIETY DRAMA

"PLAYING WITH FIRE"



For Particulars Consult Agents

BIG FOUR ROUTE

in regard to the
VERY LOW FARESNew York, Boston
Niagara FallsThousand Islands, St. Lawrence River,
Adirondack Mountains, New England,
Canadian and Seashore Resorts.

Tickets on sale daily until Sept. 30, 1913

SEE THAT YOUR TICKET READS VIA
BIG FOUR ROUTEEYEGLASSES!
SPECTACLES!New styles in Varsity and Library
frames.We can supply glasses you need;
the kind that will do your eyes the
greatest amount of good.

Our glasses are becoming.

What are bifocals? Ask us.

Perhaps eye strain causes your
headaches; our glasses relieve that
eyestrain.Careful services! Reasonable
prices. Investigate now.

OFFICE HOURS.

9 to 12 a. m. 1 to 4 p. m.

C. H. Gilbert, M. D.

Eye and Ear Surgeon.
331 North Main StreetDon't buy water for bluing. Li-
quid blue is almost all water. Buy
Russ Bleaching Blue, the blue that's
all blue.Traction
Company

January 19, 1913.

AT RUSHVILLE			
PASSENGER SERVICE			
West Bound	East Bound	West Bound	East Bound
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R 5 37	2 19	R 6 20	3 42
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MONUMENTS! MONUMENTS!

Our stock of monuments this season, surpasses anything we have heretofore carried, embracing a neat selection from the modestly plain to the elaborately carved from model designs.

An order for a monument placed now will insure its erection for Decoration Day.

The Products from the numerous quarries in the Barre, Vermont, district vary, not alone in color, but also in quality of stock. Who selects yours?

Montello and Millstone granite are of one uniform quality, the highest grade of monumental granite quarried.

J. B. SCHRICHTE SONS

How to SELL Things That Are "FOR SALE"

Write your "For Sale" ad SIMPLY stating ever detail about the article that you would want an ad to give if you were anxious to buy something of the kind yourself. Give a little thought to the "selling points" about the article, and put THEM into your ad. Then run the ad MORE THAN ONCE, if that is necessary. It may or may not be.

THE MADDEN BROTHERS CO. MACHINISTS

REPAIR WORK IS OUR SPECIALTY

Have your old Machinery repaired and made good as new. Steam and Gas Engine Repairing a Specialty. Call and see our St. Mary's Semi-Automatic Gas and Gasoline Engines before you buy. 2½, 4 and 7 horse power. BUILT FOR HARD SERVICE ON THE FARM.

We Grind and Sharpen Lawn Mowers, Mowers, Sickles, Plow Points, Cutter Knives, Etc.

Phone 1632.

517 to 519 West Second Street.

DAILY MARKETS

The local elevators are paying the following prices for grain today, June 24, 1913.

Wheat	.....95c
Corn	.....35c
Oats	.....34c
Rye	.....50c
Timothy Seed	.....\$1.20
Clover Seed	.....\$7.00 to \$8.00

The following are the ruling prices of the Rushville market, corrected to date—June 24, 1913.

POULTRY AND PRODUCE.

Geese	.....5c
Turkeys	.....12c
Hens	.....12c
Spring Chickens	.....20c
Ducks	.....8c
Butter	.....18c
Eggs	.....16c

Want Ad Department

Advertisements under this head are charged for at the rate of one-third cent per word for each insertion. The same ad will be placed in the Indianapolis Star and Daily Republican at the combined rate of one cent per word. Found articles of small value will be advertised free of charge.

LOST—on east bound I. & C. car, June 18, black crocheted hand bag, containing about seven dollars, ladies' glasses and two car tickets. Finder please leave at traction station or call phone 3429 and receive reward. 86t4

FOR SALE—40 acre farm, 4 miles from Westport Five room house good well, cellar, plenty fruit, one third in grass, 5 acres timber, locust grove; on R. F. D. Price \$1700. 8 acres of corn included if sold within 30 days. Call on or address, J. W. Land, Brewersville. R. R. No. 1. 85t3

FOR SALE—One typewriter in first class condition. Cheap. See Hallie Readle. 83t6

FOR RENT—Four rooms, north side of double house. 232 N. Perkins street. 83t6

FOR SALE—Buick runabout. In good condition. William Arnold, R. R. 11. Raleigh phone. 84t6

FOR SALE OR TRADE—4 passenger auto for a runabout. Phone 1480 or address 522 N. Harrison street. 82t4

WANT ADS BRING RESULTS

AN INQUIRY IS INSISTED UPON

Congress May Take up the Caminetti Case.

SAN FRANCISCO IS AGITATED

Delay in the Hearing of White Slave Cases Involving the Son of the New Commissioner General of Immigration Promises to Create a Stir That Will Cause Concern in Two Departments of the Government.

Washington, June 24.—With renewed force the storm that has been gathering on account of Attorney General McReynolds's postponement of the Caminetti-Diggs trial in California for alleged violations of the white slave act, has broke. The statement of Secretary of Labor Wilson that he required the delay in the court proceedings in the interest of the immigration service seemingly had the effect of making a bad matter worse, and attacks upon McReynolds over his attitude in this affair came from many sides.

Two resolutions were introduced in the house, one calling for the production of all the papers in the case, by the department of justice, and another proposing an investigation by the house judiciary committee, and from California came an appeal to President Wilson by Judge Clayton Herrington for the removal of McReynolds from office. Judge Herrington aided District Attorney McNab in the preparation of the prosecution of the white slave cases.

In the meantime, however, the attorney general is saying nothing, but President Wilson has announced his determination to make a thorough investigation of the entire case. It was made very clear that the president had no information in advance of the action of the department of justice in postponing the trial of the son of the recently appointed commissioner of immigration and the young man's associate in the alleged white slave case.

Representative Mann of Illinois, the Republican leader and author of the white slave law, announced that an effort would be made to pass a resolution of inquiry. "If President Wilson believes in the Mann act and does his duty," said Mr. Mann, "he will appoint a new commissioner general of immigration on the ground that the present commissioner has used both his official and political influence to prevent his son from being brought to a speedy trial under the Mann act for one of the most horrible of all offenses."

President Wilson intends to conduct an investigation of the charges on his own initiative. From the facts that have reached the president thus far in regard to the postponement of the trial until Commissioner General Caminetti himself could be present, the president is inclined to regard this course as human and not unjustifiable.

PUTS A NEW LIGHT ON IT

McNab Says Boasts Were Made That Prosecution Would Be Called Off.

San Francisco, June 24.—Interest increases here in the causes which led Federal District Attorney McNab to resign his position, although he had three years yet to serve. The federal grand jury met today and is expected to take some strong action backing up the district attorney in his contention that the attorney general had no right to order postponement of cases after he had been assured that delay would be prejudicial to any verdicts for the government.

The Mothers' club of Oakland, one of the strongest women's associations in the state, sent a long telegram to President Wilson urging him not to accept McNab's resignation, but to see to it that the present district attorney's hands were upheld. Mr. McNab himself has been swamped by letters and telegrams congratulating him on his stand and urging him not to agree to any compromise.

Mr. McNab declared that if he were attacked he would not scruple to make use of official correspondence which places McReynolds in a far worse position than has yet been revealed, because it shows he was warned repeatedly of the boasts made by Sydney Smith and by young Caminetti that they could bring ample influence to bear on high officials in Washington to "call off McNab" and defeat his plans for bringing both the white slave cases and the Western Fuel officials to justice.

GIVEN A NOISY RECEPTION

President Poincaré Receives Salutes From British Warships.

Portsmouth, June 24.—Four long lines of big warships were waiting here to greet President Raymond Poincaré of France when he arrived here today for his three days' visit to London, where great preparations have been made for his reception. The big ships greeted the chief executive of France with salutes as the French warship Courbet, on which he made the voyage from Cherbourg, arrived at this port.

Rudyard Kipling has written a special ode to France in commemoration of President Poincaré's visit to King George.

HINSHAW'S CASE AGAIN COMES UP

Believed Report Will Favor Parole.

GOVERNOR MAY TURN IT DOWN

A New Factor Has Entered Into the Discussion of the Case of the Former Preacher and Alleged Wife Murderer Who Is Now in Prison For Violating a Parole Granted Seven Years Ago.

Indianapolis, June 24.—It is generally believed about the statehouse that William E. Hinshaw, former preacher and alleged wife murderer, now in the state prison at Michigan City for the killing of his wife seventeen years ago, will be recommended for parole to Governor Ralston by two of the three members of the state board of pardons, which is holding its June session at the statehouse. Although the governor said he could not discuss his feelings in the case at this time, it is strongly rumored that the state board's report, if it is delivered to the governor asking a parole or pardon for Hinshaw, will be turned down.

It is generally believed that A. D. Thomas, president of the board, will take the same position that he did several years ago, when the case came before former Governor Marshall. Mr. Thomas then was opposed to releasing Hinshaw.

A new factor has entered the discussion of the case before the board. It is known that some members of the board have been approached with the argument that the board now must sit only to judge whether Hinshaw has served long enough (seven years approximately) to expiate his violation of parole, which followed the clemency shown the man by former Governor Durbin.

Hinshaw's offense was of a statutory character, involving a woman and occurred shortly after he had been released from prison by Governor Durbin.

Governor Ralston authorized the statement that he had gone into the details of the Hinshaw case thoroughly and felt himself entirely competent to judge of the merits of any report that the state might see fit to send down to him in the case. He would not discuss, however, the report that he intended to refuse to release Hinshaw in case a majority of the state board members recommend clemency.

WILL NOT EMBARRASS JUSTICE DEPARTMENT

President Sees a Way to Get Around Special Provision.

Washington, June 24.—President Wilson has signed the sundry civil appropriation bill, but in doing so made public a memorandum of protest against the section of the bill which prohibits the expenditure of any part of a \$300,000 department of justice item contained in the measure in the prosecution of labor unions and farmers' organizations from Sherman anti-trust law violations.

On March 4, when the sundry civil bill in the same form came to President Taft for his signature Mr. Taft declared the provision amounted to "class legislation of the most vicious sort," and vetoed it on the ground that he could not be a party to writing such a provision into the laws of the republic.

In closing the memorandum which accompanied his signature, President Wilson said: "I can assure the country that this item will neither limit nor in any way embarrass the actions of the department of justice. Other appropriations supply the department with abundant funds to enforce the law. The law will be interpreted in the determination of what the department should do by independent, and, I hope, impartial judgments as to the true and just meaning of substantive statutes of the United States."

For His Children's Sake. Washington, June 24.—Meredith Nicholson will not accept the post of United States minister to Portugal. The author stated in his message declining the appointment that he had concluded it would be inadvisable to take his small children out of school in this country.

Representative Doremus of Michigan was chosen chairman of the Democratic congressional campaign committee by a vote of 30 to 24 votes cast for Representative Cline of Indiana. Mr. Doremus is the expressed choice of President Wilson.

Had Seen a Wild West Show. Evansville, Ind., June 24.—The ten-year-old son and nine-year-old daughter of Frank Comer were playing Indian and decided to cut down small trees with which to build a wigwam. The girl held a tree while the boy wielded the hatchet, and the girl lost three fingers. The children recently saw a Wild West show here.

ALFALFA

Alfalfa should be sown by the 20th of July

Make Ready—Put out 3 or more acres and learn what it is worth. With hay worth \$10.00, a crop of Alfalfa would amount to from \$40.00 to \$60.00 per acre. Get some of the Highland Montana Grown Seed at E. A. Lee's. This is a very hardy variety and best suited to this climate.

We also have a few Cow Peas left yet. They should be sown by the first of July. Come and get a few and know their worth as a feed and soil restorer.

E. A. LEE

New Sanitary Wrapped Cakes

Commencing Friday, June 10th, we will handle a fine line of Sanitary Wrapped Cake in different flavors; Silver Cake, Spice, Angel Food, Carmel, Chocolate and Cocoanut.

10c and 15c Each

FRED COCHRAN, Grocer

105 W. First

Phone 1148

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ABSTRACTS OF TITLE, FIDELITY AND SURETY BONDS, BURGLARY INSURANCE

GEORGE W. OSBORNE

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FARM LOANS

Made on Terms, to Suit Borrower. No Delay. Phone 1147.

B. F. MILLER

IN THE STUD

AT Posey Stock Farm

ESS H. KAY, No. 01187

2:00¾, PACER

Winner of the two-minute pace for two years at Lexington. Holds the world's record for two heats paced by a stallion, 2:03¼, 2:02¼. 15.3 hands high, weighs 1100 pounds, black with white points. \$50.00 cash or note to insure a mare in foal.

BINGEN HALL, (2) No. 51676

2:27¼, Trotter

Sired by Walnut Hall 2:08¾, sire of the Harvester 2:01. Dam Young Miss, dam of Bingen 2:06¼, he is the sire of Ulan 1:58, world's champion trotter. 15.3 hands high, weighs 1150 pounds. Bay with one hind ankle white. Good show horse as well as speed. \$25.00 to insure a live foal, money due when colt is foaled.

WESTERN HORSEMAN, (3)

2:21¼, Trotter

15.2 hands high, weighs 1050 pounds, a show horse with class. Black. \$15.00 to insure a mare in foal.

AVENGER, 6640

IMPORTED ENGLISH HACKNEY.

Dark Chestnut, white offhind fetlock. Weighs 1300 pounds. Breeder, W. Forrester Addie, Powis Castle Park, Welshpool, England. Sire, General Goodon 2094. Dam, Queen of the Valley 8402 (Vol. XII), by His Majesty 2513. He was foaled in 1901. \$15.00 to insure a living colt.

CHYPRE, 1084

BELGIAN DRAFT STALLION.

Chypre is a bay, weighs 2,000 pounds. \$15.00 to insure a living colt.

KENTUCKY PRIDE

LARGE SPANISH JACK.

Dark Brown Jack with a mealy nose. One of the best and surest of breeders. His colts are uniformly large and fine. \$10.00 to insure a living colt.

The above stallions and jack will make the season at The Posey Stock Farm, ½ mile west of Rushville. If mare or mares are disposed of without our consent, service fee is due at once. Horses trained and colts broke at reasonable rates. For information, call Phone 1152, or see

Dagler Bros. Props.

POSEY STOCK FARM.

RUSHVILLE, IND.

CATHOLIC CARNIVAL, JULY 22, 23, 24, 25

THE GREAT NATIONAL GAME

Here Are the Current Scores in the Three Big Leagues.

National League.

W. L. Pct.	W. L. Pct.
Phila. 36 17 679	Pitts. 27 32 458
N. Y. 33 22 600	Boston 24 31 436
Brook. 30 24 556	St. L. 24 35 407
Chi. 32 27 542	Cin. 21 39 350

At Cincinnati— R.H.E.
Pittsburg 3 0 2 0 1 0 0 0 0—6 7 3
Cincinnati 2 0 0 0 0 2 2 1—7 10 1
Cooper, Camnitz and Robinson and Coleman; Benton, Harter and Clarke.

At Boston— R.H.E.
Philadelphia 2 0 0 0 3 2 0 0 1—15 0
Boston 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 1—3 11 3
Brennan and Killifer; James and Whaling.

At New York— R.H.E.
Brooklyn 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 2—4 9 0
New York 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0—2 9 3
Ragon and Miller; Fromme, Crandall and Meyers.

Second Game— R.H.E.
Brooklyn 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1 8 4
New York 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 3—5 9 0
Curtis, Yingling and Miller; Mathewson and Meyers.

American League.
W. L. Pct. W. L. Pct.
Phila. 43 15 741

At Philadelphia— R.H.E.
Boston 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 2—4 7 2
Philadelphia 1 1 0 0 6 4 1 0—13 15 0
Collins, Moseley, Foster and Carrigan and Cady; Brown, Houck and Schang.

At Chicago— R.H.E.
St. Louis 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—3 7 0
Chicago 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1 6 0
Baumgardner and Agnew; Cicotte, White and Schalk.

Second Game— R.H.E.
St. Louis 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—3 8 0
Chicago 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 1—4 10 4
Hamilton and Alexander; Russell and Schalk.

American Association.
At Minneapolis, 1; Columbus, 0.
At Kansas City, 2; Toledo, 0.

A called meeting of Lurline council, D. of P. will be held Wednesday evening to consider any business that may come before the meeting.

TO HOLD MEETING ABOARD STEAMER

Central Electric Railway Association Session, Attended by I. & C. Officials Begins Tomorrow.

CRUISE ON THE GREAT LAKES

Charles L. Henry, president of the Indianapolis & Cincinnati Traction company, and Charles O. Warfel, traffic manager, were members of the party of Indiana interurban men which was to leave Indianapolis this afternoon at three o'clock on a special car for Toledo for the annual summer meeting and outing of the Central electric Railway Association, to be held during a cruise of Lake Erie on the steamship St. Ignace. A L. Neereamer, secretary of the association, and L. J. Drake, Jr., chairman of the entertainment committee, said yesterday afternoon that a large representation of Indiana electric men will probably be in attendance.

The party will spend tonight at Fort Wayne, arriving at Toledo in time tomorrow to get aboard the steamer before its departure from the docks at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. The trip through the Detroit River and the St. Clair Flats to some point in Lake Huron will consume two days. The boat returning, will arrive at Toledo about 3 o'clock Friday afternoon. Business sessions and entertainment features will take place aboard the steamer.

WORRY ABOUT NEW MOTOR LAW

Continued from Page 1

cation for the license, two license numbers, without additional expense to the applicant. The fees are \$2 for a motorcycle; \$5 for an automobile up to twenty horse power; \$8 from twenty to forty horse power; \$15 from forty to fifty horse power; \$20 for those of more than fifty horse power; \$3 for electric propelled vehicles; \$5 additional is required if the machines are to be used for commercial purposes.

The registration will expire on December 31 of each year and the first installment will be prorated. One number plate will be required of motorcycles and two for automobiles to be displayed in conspicuous places. On automobiles it will be illegal to have the license plate less than twenty inches from the ground. The color of the plate will be changed each year.

When this law goes into effect all local ordinance will be declared void. However, the local authorities will not be required to return any part of the fees already collected as city licenses.

Every driver of an automobile is required to have a license, which costs \$2. A badge will be issued to each applicant for a chauffeur's license, which must be worn whenever the chauffeur is driving the car. State inspectors will be appointed to keep watch on this phase of the law to see that it is complied with.

No one under eighteen years of age is allowed to run a car and every applicant is required to furnish evidence that he is able to manage the car.

All the money received from these fees is to be deposited in the state treasury. This fund will be used as a road fund which will be paid to the various counties semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 on warrants of the auditor of state to the counties of the state.

One-third of the fund will be equally divided among the counties of the state.

One-third of the receipts shall be divided among the counties of the state in the proportion which the number of miles of free gravel or macadam roads in the county, bears to the whole number of such roads in the state.

Another third shall be divided among the counties on the basis of the amount received from the counties from such registration tax.

In case the amount received by any county shall exceed \$100 per mile of free gravel or macadam roads, the excess shall be paid into the road funds of the various townships in proportion to the number of miles of township roads which shall be expended in the maintenance of township roads.

MARRIAGE LICENSE.

A marriage license was issued this morning to John Wilson Ramey, colored, and Cora Mae Smith.

REVIEW BOARD FINISHES WORK

Continued from Page 1

Falmouth Bank 8,047
Manilla Bank 17,579
Farmers Trust Co. 40,360
Peoples National Bank 44,548
Peoples Loan & Trust Co. 47,186
Rush County Nat'l Bank... 162,889
Rushville National Bank .. 125,525
The railroads and interurban lines are assessed only on their personal property since the state board assesses the tracks and rolling stock. Following are the railroad assessments for the county:

Pennsylvania	270
Big Four	330
C. H. and D.	350
L. E. & W.	130
I. & C.	140,000

The gas companies were assessed for the whole county as follows:

Consumers' Gas Co.	50
Central Fuel Co.	15,000
Peoples Gas Co.	12,000
Rushville Gas Co.	50

The latter company is assessed by the state and only office fixtures were taken by the local board.

Concerns doing business in Rushville were assessed as follows exclusive of real estate:

Rushville Glove Co.	\$ 3,000
Weeks Fresh Meat & Prov. Co.	2,200
Knecht Clothing Co.	4,000
Arbuckle Co.	5,000
Charles E. Francis Co.	12,000
Park Furniture Co.	13,000
Innis, Pearce Co.	40,000
Pinnell & Tompkins	8,000
Rushville Furniture Co.	10,000
Rush County Mortgage Loan Association	5,000

MULLIN'S DRUG STORE DAMAGED

Continued from Page 1

Though ruined, the time piece will be preserved as a relic.

During the fire, much excitement prevailed, but other than the property damage no serious effects resulted. Instantly after the first explosion, patrons in the store made a hurried exit, all escaping the explosions.

Canadian bond issue totaled about one hundred and ninety-three million dollars.

CONNIE MACK.
Manager of the Philadelphia American League Team.



Photo by American Press Association.

SHOULD YOU

Desire to Make a Farm Mortgage Loan, either to renew a loan you now have, or to provide funds for other purposes, we invite you to call and see us.

WE OFFER the LOWEST RATES and BEST TERMS obtainable anywhere.

The Peoples Loan & Trust Co.,
"The Home for Savings"
RUSHVILLE, INDIANA.

REMEMBER Our Big \$1.00 Sale

IS STILL ON

Below are a few of the items in this sale:

Punch Bowl and Glasses,
Chocolate Pots,
4 and 5 inch Cut Glass Nappies,
Sugar and Cream Cut Glass,
Fancy Flower Baskets,
Sewing Trays,
Fern Dishes.

Many other items you can save money on during this sale.



They are Spauldings
We carry Spauldings complete line of
Balls,
Bats,
Gloves,
Water-Wings,
etc.



The 99 Cent Store

"Where You Buy For Less"

WE GIVE 25 GREEN TRADING STAMPS

Parasols and Fans

TWO VERY IMPORTANT SUMMER REQUISITES

You will delight in seeing the beautiful sun-shades we are showing. They are the season's prettiest offerings, and, with the variety of new shapes and the multitude of fabrics and combinations of colors, will prove to you that they are parasols out of the ordinary. Among them are many white ones to complete your white attire. A full range of sizes for children. Get in tune with the good old summer time and carry a parasol.

There are many new things in fans, the smaller shapes being in the greater demand. Exquisite little fans of ivory and celluloid, hand-painted, with chains to match, and fans made from beautifully shaded feathers are among the newest.

All the newest offerings in mesh bags, coin purses, hair ornaments, bar pins and necklaces. The necklace with a dainty enduring perfume is the newest fad.

SALE ON ALUMINUM WARE

To further introduce our splendid lines of Aluminum ware, we will, the entire week, deduct 25%

from the price of each and every piece you purchase. This is a rare opportunity to fill your kitchen needs.

THE MAUZY CO.
The Corner Store The Daylight Store

: Save Dollars :

By Buying Your Wall Paper Now

We are offering some bargains that you cannot afford to miss. Any piece of paper in our store at

20% Off

Come in today and get the choice patterns.

Don't Delay

F. B. JOHNSON & CO.

Drugs, Wall Paper, Paints, and Window Shades.
Fine Picture Framing a Specialty.

FREE DELIVERY

PHONE 1408

Removal Notice

F. E. Wolcott, the Druggist, has moved his Drug Store just across the street in the Tyner Room where he will be glad to greet his old or any new customer. Saturday, June 21 he will give the FIRST 100 FARMERS WHO BRING THIS AD. INTO THE STORE A FINE SAFETY RAZOR.